

THAW NOT A NORMAL MAN, SWEARS EXPERT

Head, Heart and Pulse All Out of Kilter, Says Dr. Evans on the Stand.

HIS HEAD OF THE FREAK ORDER

There Was No Session of Court in the Morning Because of the Very Serious Illness of the Wife of One of the Jurors—Will Turned Over to Jerome.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The Thaw trial today was limited to an afternoon session of less than two hours' duration, the morning sitting of the court having been abandoned because of the illness of the wife of Juror Joseph B. Bolton, No. 11. Mr. Bolton was allowed to visit his home in company with two other jurors and two court officers. He found his wife suffering from double pneumonia and two physicians certified before District Attorney Jerome that her condition was very serious. Bolton returned to the jury panel in time for the afternoon session, which began at 2:10 p. m. and adjourned at 4:05 o'clock. There was a stipulation of counsel, by which the juror might again visit his home, accompanied by bailiffs. It is hoped that the trial will go on tomorrow, although Juror Bolton this afternoon appeared distraught, apparently taking little interest in the proceedings. If Mrs. Bolton's condition should prove so critical that her husband cannot be expected to give proper consideration to his duties as a juror, there may be an indefinite postponement—all the other jurors meanwhile remaining locked up—or, possibly a mistrial.

Every one connected with the case expressed the hope that the events will permit of the trial being carried forward to a rapid conclusion.

Dr. Britton D. Evans, superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane at Morris Plain, N. J., was the only witness of the afternoon. He concluded his direct examination and District Attorney Jerome reserved the right to cross examine the expert at a later stage of the trial.

Dr. John T. Demara, of Kittanning, Pa., was recalled to the stand just before adjournment and was asked to state what he knew of the mental condition of John Ross, a first cousin of Harry Thaw.

Mr. Jerome objected to this question on the ground that the relationship was too remote to permit the drawing of deductions as to hereditary insanity.

Evans Continues to Be Good Witness
Both question and witness were withdrawn temporarily. Dr. Evans today detailed the results of his various examinations and physical tests in his visits to the defendant following the tragedy. Dr. Evans testified first as to the general condition of Thaw's body and said it was good. The condition of the skin also was good.

"What as to the conformation of head?"

"The shape of head showed no particular points or facts, except that there was an unusual and marked depression here."

Dr. Evans pointed to a spot back of his own head to illustrate to the jury.

"What significance do you attach to the depression or valley in the rear of the head?"

"I am unable to attribute any special significance to it, or to characterize it, for the reason that I never before had met such a depression."

Dr. Evans gave the details of his examination of Thaw's pulse tests being made on numerous occasions.

"He exhibited the most remarkable nervous pulse it has ever been my opportunity to examine," said the alienist. "The pulse indicated a nervous condition of the heart, showing the sympathetic nervous system to be seriously at fault. The irregularity of the heart was noticed, the pulse changing its rate four times within a minute, the variance being 12 to 24 beats. I have never before known a heart to act that way. I have known the pulse to change once in a minute, but Mr. Thaw's pulse would start the first quarter of a minute at 64 beats and in the next 15 seconds would run up to 112 or more. It would then change to 90 and back to 80 or 81. I took his pulse many times and noticed this variance on every occasion."

Thaw's Heart a Peculiar One.
"Fearing sometimes that the exertion of the physical examination had tired him I tried to compose his mind and then again took his pulse with the same results. This led me to examine his heart, which I found, of course, in the same irregular condi-

tion as the pulse. I examined the heart for evidences of valvular troubles but found none."

"The next examination," Dr. Evans said, "was for muscular co-ordination." After a very careful examination the doctor said he found no evidences of abnormal muscular inco-ordination. A search for evidences of the drug habit also was made. "The only possible test," said the doctor, "was a physical examination to see if there were on the body scars indicating the use of a hyperdermic needle. No such indications were found."

Thaw Disliked Being Examined.
Dr. Evans also declared that Thaw exhibited none of the tremors, such as are found in persons who have been addicted for a long time to an excessive use of intoxicants. The tests of suggestion were not successful, Thaw wandering off in his conversation and failing to follow the suggestions offered. During the examinations he was very nervous and seemed unnecessarily apprehensive of the manner of the examination. He appeared to be very tired.

Referring to the memory tests, Dr. Evans said: "It is my opinion that his memory was good."

Dr. Evans took occasion to say that he felt it was extremely unfair to him as a physician to require him to separate his physical examinations of the defendant from the questions and answers as to his mental processes. He was interrupted by both Mr. Jerome and Mr. Delmea and Justice Fitzgerald said: "Will you kindly confine yourself to answering questions and not giving expressions of opinion. There is some limitation even to the province of an expert."

Accused Man Was Abstract.
"His power of perception also was good," said Dr. Evans, "but it operated under his own peculiar will. There were periods of mental abstraction during which our questions were ignored by Thaw. When he so willed his perceptive power seemed to be all right." Dr. Evans was asked to state the general rule in determining hereditary insanity as associated with epilepsy.

"I can state my own rules," said Dr. Evans, "but there may be differences of opinion. My rule is based on experience, and I can say that in a general way it is a general rule among men of science. Epileptics beget epileptics and persons predisposed to all the various forms of insanity. The children of epileptics have what we call a physiopathic taint. The taint from generation to generation. So at times it skips a generation and springs up in collateral branches of a family. Where there is epilepsy in a family there is likely to be found mental derangement. Epilepsy, insanity and idiocy are closely allied."

Study in Insanity.
"What do you mean by collateral branches of a family?"

"Not the direct line of descent. Where an uncle or aunt has mania."

(Continued on Page Seven.)

CRAMPS HAVE BIG LOSS

Plans of a Number of Battleships Destroyed by Fire.

75 PER CENT OF PATTERNS BURNED

The Monetary Loss is Estimated from \$100,000 to \$150,000 But Money Can't Cover It All—Several Firemen Hurt By Falling Walls.

(By Associated Press.)
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 13.—An almost irreparable loss was sustained by the William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Company in a fire at their yards today, which destroyed the pattern shops and two storage rooms.

At least 75 per cent of the company's patterns were destroyed, according to H. W. Hand, superintendent of the concern, among them being those of the United States armored cruisers Pennsylvania, Colorado and Tennessee and the battleships Maine, Alabama, Iowa, Massachusetts and Indiana.

Patterns for a number of vessels in course of construction were also lost and work on them will be delayed.

The fire also destroyed the headquarters of the Ship Caulkers' Association and the home of Julius Gausch and damaged many small dwellings.

Several firemen were hurt by falling walls while fighting the flames. The monetary loss is estimated between \$100,000 and \$150,000. The origin of the fire is not known.

TREASURER IS SHORT OVER HALF MILLION

Official of New Britain Had Every Opportunity to Get Away With the Funds.

DEFAULTER DID NOT TROUBLE CASH

The Big Shortage is Entirely of Bonds and the Bank Officials Say That the Depositors Are Ample Secured—Baptist Convention Fund Suffers From the Embezzlement.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW BRITAIN, CONN., Feb. 13.—More than half a million dollars worth of securities were taken from the vault of the Savings Bank of New Britain by the missing treasurer, William F. Walker, according to a statement issued by the board of directors of the institution late this afternoon following the examination of the collateral in the bank by State Bank Commissioners Kendall and Noble. There is left a surplus of about \$143,000 over and above the amount due to depositors, the actual shortage being \$565,000. The directors believe the greater part of the surplus will be recovered.

As the bank commissioners were preparing a statement to give to the directors, Mayor George M. Hander sent a letter to Governor Woodruff asking that Commissioner Kendall be removed from office on the ground of neglect of duty and incompetency. He pointed out in this letter that when Mr. Kendall began an examination of the affairs of the bank last Thursday Treasurer Walker, on a plea of illness, left and Commissioner Kendall did not continue his work. He returned home to await Walker's convenience. Mayor Hander says he was prompted to take this action through personal knowledge that the bank was not examined as a rule until after an appointment had been made with Mr. Walker, a commissioner having been supposed to visit the bank owing to uneasiness of hundreds of depositors, who suddenly found they could not get their deposits under 90 days.

The examination of the bank apparently shows that Walker did not touch any of the ready cash or the book accounts and that the shortage is purely an abstraction of bonds. The directors' statement follows:

"The officers of the Savings Bank of New Britain, working with the bank commissioners, have today examined the assets of the Savings Bank of New Britain and find that there is an apparent shortage of about \$565,000. After charging this amount off, there will be still about \$143,000 of a surplus, which makes the amount due the depositors safe. "It is believed by the officers of the bank that it is quite reasonable to expect that the greater part of the securities making up the loss will be recovered."

Mr. Walker had charge of other funds besides those of the Savings Bank of New Britain, but only in the case of the Connecticut Baptist convention funds, is any irregularity suspected.

DOG'S FURY CAUSES DEATH OF A WOMAN
Animal Had Been Whipped and Did Not Forget Though It Was Being Fed.

(By Associated Press.)
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 13.—Mrs. Lena Smith, of this city, who was terribly torn and bitten by a vicious bulldog at her home last night, died at a hospital today. The dog was whipped by Mrs. Smith on Monday and yesterday when she went into the kitchen with a plate of meat for the dog she was attacked by the animal. Her arm was torn into shreds and was afterwards amputated.

Attracted by Mrs. Smith's screams her husband went to her assistance and killed the dog with a poker.

Mrs. Smith said: "I beat the dog for disobeying me and it was sullied all day. I felt sorry last night and was giving it a good supper, when it attacked me."

Bremen Comes March 2.
It is announced that the German cruiser Bremen will arrive here on March 2 to undergo overhauling and repairs. The ship will remain here to join the German fleet for participation in the rendezvous during the Jamestown Exposition. The German steamship Rapallo recently brought supplies and stores here for the Panther and Bremen. The report that the steamship Adelheid brought stores for these vessels was erroneous.

FROZEN TO DEATH AS THEY FLOATED IN SEA

Awful Fate That Befell Some of the Passengers of the Steamship Larchmont.

FISHING SCHOONERS' GHOSTLY LOOK

Four of Them Sail Into Block Island With Their Flags at Half Mast—They Had Picked Up Bodies as They Were Being Cast About By the Waves.

(By Associated Press.)
PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 13.—The names of 127 passengers who were on board the steamer Larchmont when she sank in Block Island Sound on Monday night, are known. Of these nineteen are known to have survived, eleven are among the dead, their bodies having been identified, and 97 are missing.

Of the identified dead seven were members of the crew and four passengers; of the survivors there are members of the crew and nine passengers; of the missing, twelve are members of the crew and 13 passengers.

Eleven more bodies from the steamer Larchmont were brought ashore here this afternoon having been picked up by two fishing schooners. One vessel brought seven and the other four. Two of the bodies were those of women, and one was that of a colored man.

Woman's Wonderful Endurance.
One of the two women survivors of the Larchmont disaster was Mrs. Harris Feldman, of New York city, who was rescued with her husband after a portion of the deck house which had been set adrift by the bursting of the decks from the pressure of the water rushing in. That a woman should have survived the horrible experiences on the frail support was a miracle. She was one of sixteen persons who were carried off on a piece of wreckage. There was one other woman on the deckhouse but in a minute after the raft went adrift, was swept overboard the second woman and two men.

From 11 o'clock Monday night until picked up by the fishing schooner Elsie Tuesday morning, a small portion of the after deck drifted helplessly. One by one the men dropped off. Some, weakened by the cold exposure, lost their grip on the support and were washed away by the waves and drowned. Others died and rolled overboard.

Still Mrs. Feldman, aided by her husband, clung to the raft. Feldman at one time, was a sailor on the Black Sea and he knew the necessity of keeping up some physical action to make the blood circulate in such biting weather. By word and example, he induced his wife to keep arms and legs moving, although the woman became so greatly exhausted that she could scarcely make her muscles respond to her will. Her chilled limbs were rubbed by Mr. Feldman into activity when they were benumbed, and by his efforts she survived although apparently more nearly dead than alive when the Elsie appeared.

Investigation Begun.
United States steamboat inspectors of the New London, (Conn.) district have begun an investigation of the collision in which the steamer Larchmont was sunk off Block Island. Inspector W. E. Witsey has been in communication with the captain and the members of the crew of the schooner Harry Knowlton which collided with the Larchmont. The inspector instructed these men to be in readiness to meet him today to accept service of subpoenas to appear in this city Saturday morning at 11 o'clock and give evidence at a preliminary hearing.

This hearing will not be for the purpose of fixing the blame on any certain officer but was stated by the inspector to be for the purpose of ascertaining what happened and which vessel was at fault. The fixing of the blame for the appalling loss of life will come later.

Unknown Steamer Didn't Stand.
Captain Frank T. Haley, of the schooner Harry Knowlton, which collided with the steamer Larchmont in a sworn statement to Captain Whitely, United States inspector, says that an unknown steamer was in the vicinity of the wreck and after showing her lights veered off and kept on her course without offering any assistance to the victims of the collision.

President Dunbaugh of the Joy line issued a statement tonight, in which he said: "The schooner was responsible for the collision. The officers and crew of the Larchmont are not to blame in any way. In view of the horrible conditions which prevailed immediately after the accident, I am satisfied the men did all in their power to meet the situation as conscientious and hon-

orable men. It appears from my investigation that the schooner luffed right into the Larchmont and caused the accident which resulted in such a great loss of life.

"The fact that the steamer sank so soon after the crash shows the fact that so many were unable to reach the boats even after they were put out, is to my mind sufficient proof that the crew acted bravely and did all in its power to aid the passengers, who were able to reach the deck."

A list of the saved identified and missing in the Larchmont disaster, revised at 10 o'clock tonight by the Associated Press was as follows: Saved 19; identified 21; missing 112; total on steamer 152. Bodies recovered but not identified 50.

Tales of Suffering.
Terrible tales of suffering were related by some of the survivors of the steamer Larchmont and one of the passengers asserted that in that awful hour of peril helpless women were thrust aside by men who cared only for their own safety. The charge of cowardice was made by Fred Hiersgerl, an 18-year-old lad of Brooklyn. He said that not only were women left to their fate but that Captain McVey left the sinking ship in the very first boat and that some of the ship's employees filled the boats to the exclusion of the passengers.

Louis MacFarland, a negro waiter on the Larchmont, gave a version of the departure of the captain's boat, which was entirely different from that given by Hiersgerl. He said that when he reached the captain's boat, to which he was assigned, he found Captain McVey there. The captain ordered that the boat be swung outboard ready to lower, calling to the passengers at the same time to step into the boat. The passengers, MacFarland said, seemed afraid to do so, and as the steamer was going down fast, Captain McVey ordered that the boat be lowered.

When it reached the water, however, a rope fastened to the ring bolt and attached to the davit above, became caught and those in the boat were in danger of being dragged down with the steamer when Bout-again Andrew Lobez, who was on deck, saved their lives by cutting the rope.

Hiersgerl's statement was not confirmed by any other survivors of the terrible tragedy.

Limbs Will Have to Be Amputated.
MacFarland, who was removed to the East Side Hospital, was suffering severely from frozen hands and feet.

The steamer Kentucky arrived here from Block Island shortly before 5 o'clock. As soon as she docked, the suffering survivors were taken ashore in ambulances and sent to the hospitals.

Many were in such a serious condition that the amputation of limbs will be necessary.

The forty-nine bodies which arrived on the Kentucky were placed in a nearby morgue and the police had difficulty in holding back the crowd that wished to view the bodies. The work of identification progressed rapidly and at midnight the names of 38 of the victims were known.

Schooner's Ghastly Loads.
Block Island had a brief respite today from the scenes of death and suffering which followed the collision off Watch Hill on Monday night between

JAP SCHOOL MUDDLE SETTLED AT LAST

President Roosevelt and the San Francisco Delegation Finally Reach an Agreement.

CONGRESS TO BAR YELLOW COOLIES

Then if Japan is Willing 'Frisco Will Establish Separate Schools for the Youngsters From the Flowery Kingdom and Will Give Them Equal Rights of White Children.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13.—The Japanese school controversy is settled so far as President Roosevelt, Mayor Schmitz, of San Francisco and the members of the San Francisco school board are concerned. An amicable adjustment of the question now rests with Congress. If the amendment to the immigration bill proposed by Secretary Root relating to foreigners who use their passports to secure admission to the United States "to the detriment of labor conditions in this country," is adopted by the Senate and the House, the San Francisco board of education will rescind its order establishing the Oriental school if the Japanese government agrees to a provision for such schools, which will provide for the Japanese children.

Mayor Schmitz and his associates had a conference with the President this afternoon and assured Mr. Roosevelt that the amendment to the immigration bill was entirely satisfactory to them. Secretary Root participated in the conference and made a report on his negotiations with the Republican leaders in Congress and the Japanese ambassador.

Equal Privileges for Japs.
Mayor Schmitz today pointed out to President Roosevelt and Secretary Root advantages that would be gained by the Japanese children if the Oriental schools are maintained and expressed a willingness to give the Japanese equal facilities to those given to the white children of San Francisco. If the Japanese government will agree to this proposition the school board will establish a sufficient number of Oriental school houses to accommodate the Japanese and will give the children individual instruction. Mayor Schmitz says that the Japanese make faster progress in the Oriental than they do in the white schools and that in the mixed schools the Japanese only retard the progress of the white children.

What the Amendment Is.
The proposed amendment to the immigration bill as agreed upon by conference of the Senate and the House and reported to Congress is as follows: "That whenever the President shall be satisfied that passports issued by any foreign government to its citizens to go to any country other than the United States or to any insular possession of the United States or to the Canal zone are being used for the purpose of enabling the holders to come to the continental territory of the United States to the detriment of labor conditions therein the President may refuse to permit such citizens of the country passports to enter the continental territory of the United States from such other country or from such insular possession or from the canal zone."

The Congressional delegation from California is in the attitude of having Mayor Schmitz and the San Francisco school board as direct intermediaries in the conduct of the negotiations with the President. The delegation is keeping in close touch with the situation through Mayor Schmitz.

TWO BIG FIRES IN BROOKLYN LAST NIGHT
Whole Block Destroyed and a Warehouse Damaged—Losses Will Amount to \$350,000.

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The fire department of Brooklyn tonight fought two bad fires, the first in buildings of the New York Dock Company, occupying practically a whole block of the Red Hook Point district, which were practically destroyed with a loss of \$250,000, and the second in the warehouse of the Bush Terminal Company at the foot of Forty-eighth street, with an estimated loss of \$100,000.

Inspecting Work Here.
Mr. F. I. Cabell, superintendent of maintenance and way, and Mr. I. Garrison, superintendent of bridges and buildings of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway, are in the city inspecting the work in progress here.

FOR GREAT UNIVERSITY

Richmond Taking Hold of the Consolidation Idea in Earnest.

JOSEPH BRYAN ELECTED RECTOR

Board of Visitors Composed of Twenty-One Representative Citizens Also Chosen—Diverse Religious Elements No Bar to Success.

(By Associated Press.)
RICHMOND, VA., Feb. 13.—At a meeting held tonight the plans for the proposed University of Richmond were perfected to the extent of the election of Joseph Bryan as rector and the choice of a board of visitors, composed of twenty-one men, representative of the highest financial circles of Richmond and of the various colleges concerned.

The scheme proposes the consolidation at Richmond of Richmond College and the Woman's College of Richmond, Baptist Institutions; the Richmond Mechanics' Institute, the two medical colleges here, Hampden-Sydney College and the Union Theological Seminary, Presbyterian, and the Randolph-Macon College, Methodist, and in spite of the diverse religious elements involved, is likely to be successful.

The Country's Safety.
It is beginning to look as if the safety of the country depends more on the men who attend to the railway signals than on the army.

—Washington Star.